Ultrasonic sensor UB4000-F42-E7-V15

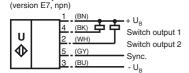


Features

- 2 independent switch outputs
- Extremely small unusable area
- TEACH-IN
- Interference suppression (adjustable width of sound cone in close range)
- Temperature compensation
- Synchronisation options
- NO/NC selectable

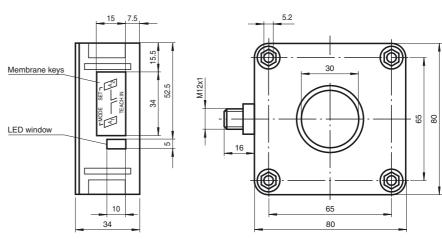
Electrical connection

Standard symbol/Connections:



Core colours in accordance with EN 60947-5-2.

Dimensions



Technical data

CE

General specifications Sensing range Adjustment range 200 ... 4000 mm 240 ... 4000 mm Unusable area 0 ... 200 mm Standard target plate 100 mm x 100 mm Transducer frequency approx. 85 kHz Response delay approx. 325 ms

Indicators/operating means LED green LED yellow 1

LED yellow 2

LED red

Electrical specifications

Operating voltage No-load supply current I₀

Input/output

Synchronisation

bi-directional 0 level -U_B...+1 V 1 level: +4 V...+U_B

input impedance: > 12 KOhm synchronisation pulse: \geq 100 μ s, synchronisation interpulse period: \geq 2 ms Synchronisation frequency

Common mode operation Multiplex operation

Output

Output type

Default setting Rated operational current I_e

Voltage drop U_d Switching frequency f Range hysteresis H Temperature influence

Standard conformity

Standards

Ambient conditions Ambient temperature

Storage temperature

Mechanical specifications Protection degree Connection Material

Housing Transducer Mass

permanently green: Power on

permanent: switching state switch output 1 flashing: TEACH-IN function

permanent: switching state switch output 2 flashing: TEACH-IN function

normal operation: "fault" TEACH-IN function: no object detected

10 ... 30 V DC , ripple 10 $\%_{\mbox{\footnotesize SS}}$ ≤ 60 mA

≤ 13/n Hz, n = number of sensors

2 switch outputs npn, normally open/close selectable

Switch point A1: 240 mm, Switch point A2: 4000 mm, wide sound lobe

200 mA , short-circuit/overload protected

 $\leq 2.5 \text{ V}$ ≤ 1.2 Hz

1 % of the set operating distance

± 1 % of full-scale value

EN 60947-5-2

-25 ... 70 °C (248 ... 343 K) -40 ... 85 °C (233 ... 358 K)

IP65

connector V15 (M12 x 1), 5 pin

epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; foam polyurethane, cover PBT

Connector V15



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Model number

UB4000-F42-E7-V15

Functional description

The sensor can be completely parameterised using 2 keys on the side of the housing. One special feature of this sensor is the option of adapting the ultrasonic beam width to the ambient conditions at the place where the sensor is used.

Teach-in of switching points:

Teach-in of switching points is used to determine the points at which the switching outputs will change their state. In addition, the order of switching points A1 < A2, or A1 > A2 also determines the effective direction (normally closed/open function) of the window in the output function (operating mode) "Window + Switching point" (see

Teach-in of switching point A1 with key A1		
Press key A1 > 2 seconds	The sensor goes into learning mode for switching point A1	
Position the target object at the desired distance	The sensor indicates by rapid flashing of the yellow LED that the target object has been detected. If no object is detected, the red LED flashes.	
Press key A1 briefly	The sensor completes the Teach-in process for switching point A1 and stores the value in permanent memory. If the object is uncertain (red LED lit irregularly) the Teach-in value is not valid. Teach-in mode closes.	

The process for Teach-in of switching point A2 is similar to what was described above, using key A2.

Special feature for output function "Window + switching point"

In the case of the output function (operating mode) "Window + switching point" (see below), switching points A1 and A2 define the window limits of switch output 1. A third switching point A3 can also be defined here at which switch output 2 switches.

Teach-in of switching point A3 with keys A1 and A2 (only for operating mode window + switching point, see below)		
Press key A1 + A2 > 2 seconds	The sensor goes into learning mode for switching point A3	
Position the target object at the desired distance	The sensor indicates by rapid flashing of the yellow LEDs that the target object has been detected. If no object is detected, the red LED flashes.	
Press key A1 briefly (output 2: normally closed) or	The sensor completes the Teach-in process for switching point A3 and stores the value in permanent memory. If the object is uncertain (red LED lit irregularly) the Teach-in value is not valid. Teach-in mode closes.	
Press key A2 briefly (output 2: normally open)		

Teach-in for switching points can only be performed within the first 5 minutes after turning on the power supply. If the switching points need to be changed at a later time, this cannot be done until there is a new Power On.

Parameter assignment of the output function and ultrasound beam width

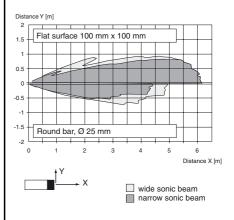
If you press the A1 key while the power supply is being turned on and then hold it down for 1 second, the sensor goes into the two-level parameterisation of operating modes.

Level 1, parametrisation of the output function

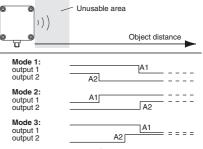
Pressing the A2 key briefly will cause the possible output functions to be selected one after the other (depending on the last output function to be parameterised). The functions are indicated by a flashing sequence of the green LED.

Characteristic curves/additional information

Characteristic response curve

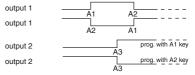


Switching output programmation



A1 $\longrightarrow \infty$, A2 $\longrightarrow \infty$: Object presence detection. Both outputs operate according to the selected mode, if an object is located within the detection range.

Window and Switching point:



while programming the output.

If A1 = A2, the output work like A1 < A2

Operating mode	Flashing sequence of green LED	A2 key
2 x normally open function (default)		
2 x normally closed function	Pause Dirich	
2 switching points n.o. (output 1) + n.c. (output 2)		
Window (output 1) + switching point (output 2)	Pause Pause	

Pressing the A1 key for 2 seconds saves the selected output operating mode. The parameter assignment process is then complete and the sensor returns to normal mode. If you press the A1 key briefly instead, you go to Level 2 (parameter assignment of ultrasonic beam range).

Level 2, parameter assignment of ultrasonic beam width

The ultrasonic beam width can be adjusted to match the requirements of the application in Level 2.

Pressing the A2 key briefly will cause the possible beam widths to be selected one after the other (depending on the last beam width to be parameterised). The functions are indicated by a flashing sequence of the red LED.

Beam width	Flashing sequence of red LED	A2 key
Narrow beam width	Pause -	
Average beam width	Pause Direction	\downarrow
Wide beam (default)		

Pressing the A1 key for 2 seconds saves the selected type of beam width. The parameter assignment process is then complete and the sensor returns to normal mode. If you press the A1 briefly instead, you go back to Level 1 (parameter assignment of output function).

If parameterisation is not complete within 5 minutes (pressing the A1 key for 2 seconds), the sensor interrupts parameterisation mode without changing the settings.

Synchronisation

The sensor is equipped with a synchronisation connection to suppress mutual interaction. If it is not turned on, the sensor works at an internally generated cycle rate. Synchronisation of more than one sensor is possible in a number of different ways.

The sensor can be synchronised by the application of a square wave voltage externally. A synchronisation pulse on the synchronisation input results in the execution of a measurement cycle. The pulse width must be greater than 100 µs. The measurement cycle must be started with the falling signal edge. A Low level > 1 s or an open synchronisation input results in normal operation of the sensor. A High level on the synchronisation input deactivates the sensor.

Two different operating modes are possible

- Multiple sensors can be controlled by the same synchronisation signal. The sensors work on synonymous cycle.
- Synchronisation pulses are sent cyclically to only one sensor each time. The sensors work in Multiplex mode.

Self synchronisation:

The synchronisation connections of up to 5 sensors with option for self-synchronisation are connected with each other. These sensors work after turning on the operating voltage in Multiplex mode. The On delay increases depending on the number of sensors to be synchronised. Synchronisation is possible during Teach-in and vice-versa. Sensors must be operated unsynchronised to perform Teach-in of switching points.

Note:

If the option for synchronisation is not used, the synchronisation input can be connected with ground (0 V) or the sensor can be operated with a V1 connection cable (4-pin).

Accessories

Mounting aids

MH 04-3505 MHW 11

Cable sockets *)

V15-G-2M-PVC V15-W-2M-PUR

 $^{^{\}star)}$ For additional cable sockets see section "Accessories".